## **EXHIBIT**

SAO88 (Rev. 12:06) Subpogna in a Civil Case	MACANIA MACANI	
Issued by the	e	
UNITED STATES DIS	TRICT COURT	
	NE\	W YORK
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF	E applicability to the second of the second	
JANE A. WILSON	SUBPOENA IN A CI	VIL CASE
V.		
MARYKNOLL FATHERS & BROTHERS, ET AL.	Case Number: 1 07 Civ.	. 7058 (KMK)
TO: MANUEL J. ALUMA, PhD 547 Saw Mill River Road, #3-G Ardsley, New York 10502		and since proping despite
TO YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United States Di	strict court at the place, date	e, and time specified below
to testify in the above case.		RTROOM
PLACE OF TESTIMONY	Char	23k F. 4 print 15 414
	DAT	TE AND TIME
		and the selection of a demonstrate
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, and the in the above case.	ne specified below to testify	at the taking of a deposition
		TE AND TIME
Office of Walker G. Harman, Jr., Esq., 1000 brow		2/14/2008 10:00 am
New York, New York 10018  YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit inspection place, date, and time specified below (list documents or objection)	and copying of the following	g documents or objects at the
FLACE	DA	TE AND TIME
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the follow	wing premises at the date a	nd time specified below.
PREMISES		YTE AND TIME
	·····	
Any organization not a party to this suit that is subpoensed for the ti directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to testify of matters on which the person will testify. Federal Rules of Civil Proced	n its bennii, and may sei torin,	ignate one or more officers.  for each person designated, the
ISSUING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE AND TITLE (INDICATE IF ATTORNEY FOR P	LAINTIFF OR DEFENDANT) DA	ate 12/17/2007
ISSUING OFFICER'S NAME, ABORESS AND PHONE NUMBER	<del>lik kari sari yan garang kapitan dan kari ya pa</del> didan iliona ambanan malan a Kidan Makanan a da <sup>da</sup> an iliona a	
Walker G. Harman, Jr., Esq., 1350 Broadway, Suite 1510, New 212-425-2600	York, New York 10018	

(See Rule 43, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Subdivisions (c), (d), and (e), on new page)

<sup>&#</sup>x27; If section is pending in district other than district of issuance, state district under case number.

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AOSS (Rev. 12/06) Subporpa in a Civil Case	
	SEAAT AT SEBVICE
	PROOF OF SERVICE
DATE	PLACE
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	MANNER OF SERVICE
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SERVED BY (PRINT NAME)	TILE
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•	DECLARATION OF SERVER
I declare under penalty of perjury contained in the Proof of Service is tru	under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information and correct.
Executed on DATE	SIGNATURE OF SERVER
	ADDRESS OF SERVER
	And the second s

Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Subdivisions (c), (d), and (e), as amended on December 1, 2006;

(c) Protection of Presons Sumect to Subformas.

(1) A party or an afterney responsible for the incurance and sorvice of a subposum shall take reasposible steps to avoid imposing endine burden or expense on a person subject to that supposes. The cours on belief of which the subposes was issued shall enforce this duty and unpast upon the party of altorney in breach of this duty an appropriate kanction, which may include, but is not limited in, lost carrings and a reasenable attenney's fer-

12) (A) A person commanded to penduce and permit inspection, employed, testing, or eampling of designated electronically stored information, books, papers, documents or tangible things, or inspection of premises used not support in person at the place of production or inspection redess commisseded in appear for deposition, hearing or trial.

(B) Subject to paragraph (d)(2) of this rule, a person community is produce and permit inspection, copying, realisg, or assopting roby, within 14 days after service of the subposes or before the time specified for compliance if such time is less than 14 days effer service, serve apan the party or anomey decignated in the subpress writen objection to producing any or all of the designated materials or inspection of the premises — or to producing electronically stored enformation in the form or forms requested. If adjection is made, the party serving the subpound ched not be callled to inspect, copy, such ar except the moterials of inspect the premiers except prosumet to an order of the court by which the cubineous was issued. If objective has been usede. the party erroing the subposed may, upon bities to the person ennumeded to produce, more at any time for an order to compel the production, impaction, copying, lessing, or compling, Such an order to compositual protect any person who is not a puny or an officer of a purty from eignificant express resulting from the inspection, copying, testing, or excepting recumulated

(3)(A) On timely motion, the court by which a subpoent was issued that quest or moulty the empoons if it

(i) fails in allow reasonable time for compliance;

(ii) requires a person who is not a party or an efficer of a party to wavel to a place more than 100 miles from the place where that person resides, is employed at regularly trausacts limitudes in person, except that, audientia the provincians of clause (e)(1)(ii) of this colo, each a person may in order to around trial he commanded to travel from any such place within the state in which the trial is held;

(iii) exquires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter and no exception or waiser applies; or

(se) enhicers a person to andue hurden.

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(i) requires discharge of a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information, at

fill together disclosure of an unremined expan's opinion or information not docaribing specific evenus or occurrences in dispote and resulting from the expert's study made not at the request of any party, or

(iii) requires a person who is not a party of an officer of a party to incit substantial expense to travel more than (100 miles to attend trial, the court may, to protect a person rubified to or affected by the cubpoens, heart or modify the subpoens or, if the party in whose behalf the embracies is issued slower a substantial need for the textimony or moterial that eacast he niticswise met without andue hurdably and adduce that the person to whom the ruspoens is addressed will be reasonably compensated, the court may under appearance or production only upan specified canditions

(d) Duties of Responding to Subporms.

(1) (A) A person responding to a subposos to produce documents that produce them as they are kept in the usual course of buriness or shall organize and label them to correspond with the categories in the demand.

(B) If a subprens does not specify the form or forms for producing electronically storoit information, a parson responding to a cateposens must produce the information in a form or forms in which the person ordinarily maintams it or in a form or forms that are reasonably asable

ICIA pareon responding to a subposens mead not produce the essent electronically stored information in more than one form

(D) A person responding to a subpaces used not provide discovery of electronically started information from animous that the parton identifies at not reasonably appearable backurs of radox burdon or some the moreon to compel discovery or to quark, the person from whom discovery is couple most thow that the infurmation cought is not tenterably accessible because of under harden or nost. If that thawing it made, the event way constitutes order discovery from such knowns if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(23(C) The court may spoully conditions for the discovery.

(2) (A) When information audiest to a redposite is withheld on a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection at trial-preparation materials, the cloim that he made expressly and shall be supported by a description of the nature of the documents, communications, or things not produced that is sufficient to enable the demanding party to context the claim

(B) Il information is produced in response to a subposen that is subject to a chaim of pervilege ar of protection as kintegrapuration material, the person making the claim may notify any party that reactived the information of the civilin and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must primipaly return, acquisiter, ar destroy the specified information and any empire it but and may not use at disclose the information until the claim is revolved. A receiving party may promptly guescoi the information in the exost under sext for a determination of the elaim. When recessing parry disclosed the information before being notified, it must take receousble steps to readers it. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the ctains is resolved

(e) Contrater. Failure of any parron without adequate excuse us aboy a subposso rerved upon that person may be deemed a contempt of the court from which the subposes issued. An adaquate curre for failure to obey exists when a autoparem purporte to require a nanparty to ntuend or produce at a place not within the limits provided by clause (ii) of indeparturant